## **Oral Diabetes Medications (Pills)**

medication name	how it works	what to watch out for
<b>Diabeta</b> (glyburide) <b>Diamicron</b> (gliclazide)	triggers pancreas to release more insulin	low blood sugars weight gain with glyburide
<b>Metformin</b> (glucophage) (glumetza)	reduces amount of glucose produced by the liver increases insulin sensitivity	stomach upset, diarrhea, nausea, bloating
<b>Prandase</b> (acarbose)	targets the digestive track to delay absorption of starch	flatulence (gas) rare bloating
Januvia (sitagliptin) Onglyza (saxagliptin) Trajenta (linagliptin)	works when glucose rises after a meal trigger pancreas to release more insulin reduces amount of glucose produced by the liver	stomach discomfort and diarrhea
<ul><li>✦Invokana (canagliflozin)</li><li>Forxiga (dapagliflozin)</li><li>✦Jardiance (empagliflozin)</li></ul>	blocks the re-absorption of glucose in the kidneys	may cause yeast infections risk of dehydration
<b>♦Rybelsus</b> (semaglutide)	triggers pancreas to release more insulin after meals, slows digestion and lowers appetite	nausea, diarrhea speak with your pharmacist about how to take this medication

**♦**This medication also helps to protect against heart disease

Some types of diabetes medications are combined together in 1 pill, for convenience.

- Janumet Januvia and Metformin
- Komboglyze Onglyza and Metformin
- Jentadueto Trajenta and Metformin
- **Invokamet** Invokana and Metformin
- Xigduo Forxiga and Metformin



## **Injectable Diabetes Medications**

medication name	how it works	what to watch out for
<b>♦Victoza</b> (liraglutide)	triggers pancreas to release more	nausea, diarrhea
<b>♦Ozempic</b> (semaglutide)	insulin after meals, slows digestion and lowers appetite	
<b>♦Trulicity</b> (dulaglutide)	and is not supported	

Some injectable diabetes medications are available in combination with insulin. These are:

- **Soliqua** (Insulin glargine and lixisenatide)
- Xultophy (Insulin degludec and liraglutide)

## Know where to get support

If you are having difficulty affording your medications, there are financial assistance programs available. Speak to your pharmacist or diabetes educator to learn more.

- 1 | Ontario Drug Benefit Plan (ODB) (for those age 65 and older)
  - Includes coverage for most insulins, some diabetes pills and blood sugar test strips
  - t. 416.327.8109 | or, ask at your local pharmacy
- 2 | Ministry of Health and Long Term Care OHIP+ (for those age 24 and younger)
  - Includes the same supplies as ODB —insulin, diabetes pills and blood testing strips
  - t.1.866.532.3161 (Service Ontario)
- 3 | Trillium Drug Plan (for those age 25 to 64 years)
  - Income based, supports people who have high drug costs compared to their net household income
  - t. 1.800.575.5386 or 416.326.1558 | or, ask your pharmacy for an application
- 4 | Monitoring for Health Program
  - Anyone using insulin or who has gestational diabetes and receives no other coverage
  - 75% coverage for strips & lancets (\$920 max)
  - **t.** 1.800.361.079**6**
- 5 | Syringes for Seniors (for those age 65 and older)
  - Helps cover costs of needles and syringes for insulin administration
  - \$170 per year grant to cover cost of needles or syringes
  - **t.** 1.800.268.6021

