# Diabetes & Mental Health

# Living with Diabetes

The diagnosis of diabetes can be overwhelming, and may make you feel:

Shocked, confused, frustrated, discouraged or anxious

#### Managing diabetes can be burdensome. It can be hard at times to:

- Take multiple medications
- Check your blood sugars
- Pay for associated costs related to diabetes
- Make healthy dietary choice
- Keep physically active
- Control your blood sugars and prevent diabetes related complications



If it feels like your diabetes is controlling you, rather than the other way around, you may have what's known as **diabetes distress**. Fortunately there are things you can do to help **manage stress and cope with diabetes**, such as:



- 1. Talk with your health care providers about your feelings
- They may help to problem-solve your concerns
- See your endocrinologist regularly
- Talk to your diabetes educators



- 3. Talk with your family and friends
- Ask loved ones in assistance in managing diabetes, such as:
- Remind you to take medications, to join you in being active and making and eating healthy meals



- 2. Talk with other people with diabetes
- They may understand what you're going through
- Join support groups or try diabetes workshops in the community, or online



- **4.** Pace yourself, work on one goal at a time
- For instance, if your goal is to walk 10,000 steps a day, why not try for 4,000 steps 3-4 times a week, and gradually work your way up



**5.** Take some time for "you time" – take a break to do things you enjoy.



# The Mind & Body Connection

- Our mental health affects many aspects of life how we think, feel, handle stress and make choices – all of which can affect our physical health
- Untreated mental health issues can make managing diabetes difficult and problems with diabetes can make mental health issues worse
- Fortunately, working on one tends to improve the other

#### Depression

- Is a medical illness that is twice as common in people with diabetes than those without diabetes
- Depression can cause:
  - Feeling of sadness
  - Emptiness
  - Loss of interest in activities
  - Impact sleep and appetite
  - Interfere with function at work and home – including managing your diabetes

### Stress & Anxiety

- Stress comes in many forms
- It may be felt as emotions like anger or fear. It can also manifest physically, such as an increased heart rate
- Anxiety excessive feelings of worry or fear – is how your mind and body react to stress
- People with diabetes are more likely to have anxiety than those without diabetes and managing a long-term condition like diabetes can be a major source of anxiety

## **Getting Help**

- Talk to your doctor if you think you may have signs of depression, or if the worries of anxiety are interfering with your daily life
- The earlier it is treated, the better for you and your diabetes



## Types of treatment

- Medications for anxiety and/or depression may be prescribed by your doctor
- Counselling and therapy for discussing problems, finding solutions and learning coping skills
  - Example coping techniques: relaxation exercises such as meditation, yoga and deep breathing exercises

#### Other Mental Health Resources

- Wellness Together Canada (ca.portal.gs) offers free online resources and connections to trained volunteers mental health professionals 24/7
  - Text "WELLNESS" to 741741 for confidential chat sessions
- Region specific services, such as the Canadian Mental Health Association Halton Region
  Branch
  - o Free walk-in counselling by phone 289-991-5396
- Ask your certified diabetes educator for more resources near you

